

Flow Measurement – Homework (Industrial Flow Measurement, Chapter 2)

2.1 $(100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) (5 / 9) = 37.8\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$298\text{ }^{\circ}\text{K} - 273 = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$[(500\text{ }^{\circ}\text{R} - 460) - 32] (5 / 9) = 4.4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

2.2 $14.696\text{ psi} + (-3\text{ psi}) = 11.696\text{ psia}$

$14.696\text{ psi} - (100\text{ mm Hg} / 25.4\text{ mm/inch}) (0.491154\text{ psi} / \text{inch Hg}) = 12.762\text{ psia}$

$17\text{ psig} + 14.696\text{ psi} = 31.696\text{ psia}$

$14.696\text{ psi} + (42\text{ ft. WC}) (12\text{ in.} / \text{ft.}) (0.03609\text{ psi/inch WC}) = 32.885\text{ psia}$

$14.696\text{ psi} + (15\text{ bar}) (14.5038\text{ psi} / \text{bar}) = 232.253\text{ psia}$

2.3 $R_D = (3160) (600\text{ gpm}) (1.00) / (1\text{ cP}) (7.981\text{ in.}) = 237,564$

$\Delta P_{6\text{in.}} = (20 + 15 + 15 + 200\text{ ft.}) (1.02\text{ psi} / 100\text{ ft.}) (2.309\text{ ft.} / \text{psi}) = 5.89\text{ ft. WC}$

$\Delta P_{8\text{in.}} = (10 + 10 + 15 + 150\text{ ft.}) (0.258\text{ psi} / 100\text{ ft.}) (2.309\text{ ft.}) / \text{psi} = 1.10\text{ ft. WC}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 +15\text{ ft. WC Static Pressure at Pump Inlet} \\
 +115\text{ ft. WC Gain Through Pump} \\
 -60\text{ ft. WC Loss Due to Elevation} \\
 -5.89\text{ ft. WC Pipe Loss (6 in.)} \\
 \underline{-1.10\text{ ft. WC Pipe Loss (8 in.)}} \\
 (63.01\text{ ft. WC}) (12\text{ in.} / \text{ft.}) (0.03609\text{ psi} / \text{in. WC}) = 27.29\text{ psi}
 \end{array}$$

2.4 $(1.5\text{ ft.}) (1.09) (12\text{ in.} / \text{ft.}) (0.03609\text{ psi} / \text{in. WC}) = 0.708\text{ psi}$
No flow unless siphoning.

2.5 $\text{Specific Gravity} = (76.75\text{ lb/ft}^3 / 62.33630\text{ lb/ft}^3) = 1.231$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 +1\text{ ft. WC} \quad \text{Static Pressure at Pump Inlet} \\
 +85\text{ ft. WC} \quad \text{Gain Through Pump} \\
 \underline{-90\text{ ft. WC}} \quad \text{Loss Due to Elevation} \\
 -4\text{ ft. WC} \quad \text{(No Flow)}
 \end{array}$$

$$2.6 \quad Q_{\text{gpm}} = (R_D D / 3160) (\mu\text{cP} / \text{SG}) = (4000) (2.067 \text{ in.}) / 3160 (5\text{cSt}) = 13.08 \text{ gpm}$$

$$2.7 \quad 7.65 \text{ fts/sec. (From Table 2.3)}$$

$$2.8 \quad Q_{\text{acfm}} = 0.3272 D^2 v = (0.3272) (4.026 \text{ in.})^2 (50 \text{ ft./sec.}) = 265.2 \text{ acfm (Calculated)}$$

$$Q_{\text{acfm}} = (50 \text{ ft./sec.})(60\text{sec./min.})(1.003\text{ft}^3/\text{sec.}) / (11.34\text{ft./sec.}) = 265.3\text{acfm (From Table)}$$

$$V = (ZTP_0 / Z_0T_0P) V_0$$

$$= [(0.987) (460 + 59 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}) (14.696 + 28 \text{ psi}) / (0.955) (460 + 90 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}) (14.696 \text{ psia})] V_0$$

$$= 2.833 V_0$$

$$Q_{\text{scfm}} = (2.833) (265.2 \text{ acfm}) = 751.3 \text{ scfm}$$

$$\rho = (0.1869 \text{ lb/ft}^3) (2.833) = 0.5295 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

$$R_D = 379 Q_{\text{acfm}} \rho_{\text{lb/ft}^3} / \mu_{\text{cp}} D_{\text{in.}} = 379(265.2 \text{ acfm})(0.5295 \text{ lb/ft}^3) / [(0.017 \text{ cP})(4.026\text{in})]$$

$$R_D = 777,600$$

$$2.9 \quad Q_{\text{acfm}} = 0.3272 D^2 v = (0.3272) (3.826 \text{ in.})^2 (60 \text{ ft/sec}) = 287.4 \text{ acfm}$$

$$Q_{\text{acfm}} = (14.696 + 50 \text{ psi}) (273 + 15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) / [(14.696 \text{ psi}) (273 + 30 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})] (287.4 \text{ acfm})$$

$$Q_{\text{acfm}} = 1202.6 \text{ scfm}$$